

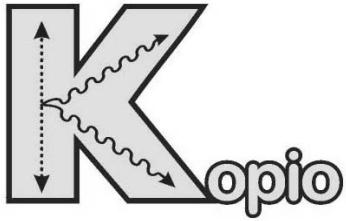
HEPAP Review of RSVP KOPIO

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University of British Columbia



Presentation Plan

- KOPIO – Introduction and overview of expected results
- Theoretical Perspectives on KOPIO (Gino Isidori, INFN)



KOPIO is Unique

- Excellent discovery potential for non-SM physics
 - Two orders of magnitude window
 - Many candidate theories
- The only experiment that **directly** measures the crucial SM CP violation parameter
- The only reviewed, approved, experiment sensitive enough to measure $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$; uses a robust innovative technique to suppress background

Roles of $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ Measurements in Flavor Physics

New flavor physics in the **s-d** sector may be very different from that in the **b** sector:

* *If B - physics is consistent with the SM:*

New physics could be revealed $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$.

* *If deviations from the SM are indicated :*

$K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ would add crucial additional information; the complexity of the flavor sector beyond the SM is foreseen in many models.

Results from $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ will be needed to interpret non-SM physics discoveries at BABAR, BELLE, CDF/D0, and the LHC.

Experiments Seeking $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu$

SM: $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu) = (3.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-11}$

Limit based on $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}\nu$ via isospin: $< 1.4 \times 10^{-9}$ • [Grossman, Nir]

- KTEV (FNAL) result: $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu) < 5.9 \times 10^{-7}$ (90% CL)
- KEK E391a: $> 10^{-9} ??$
- KOPIO (BNL): Single event Sensitivity $< 10^{-12}$

Discovery (5σ) for $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu) > 4.5 \times 10^{-11}$



or 300 "SM" events

LOI at JPARC

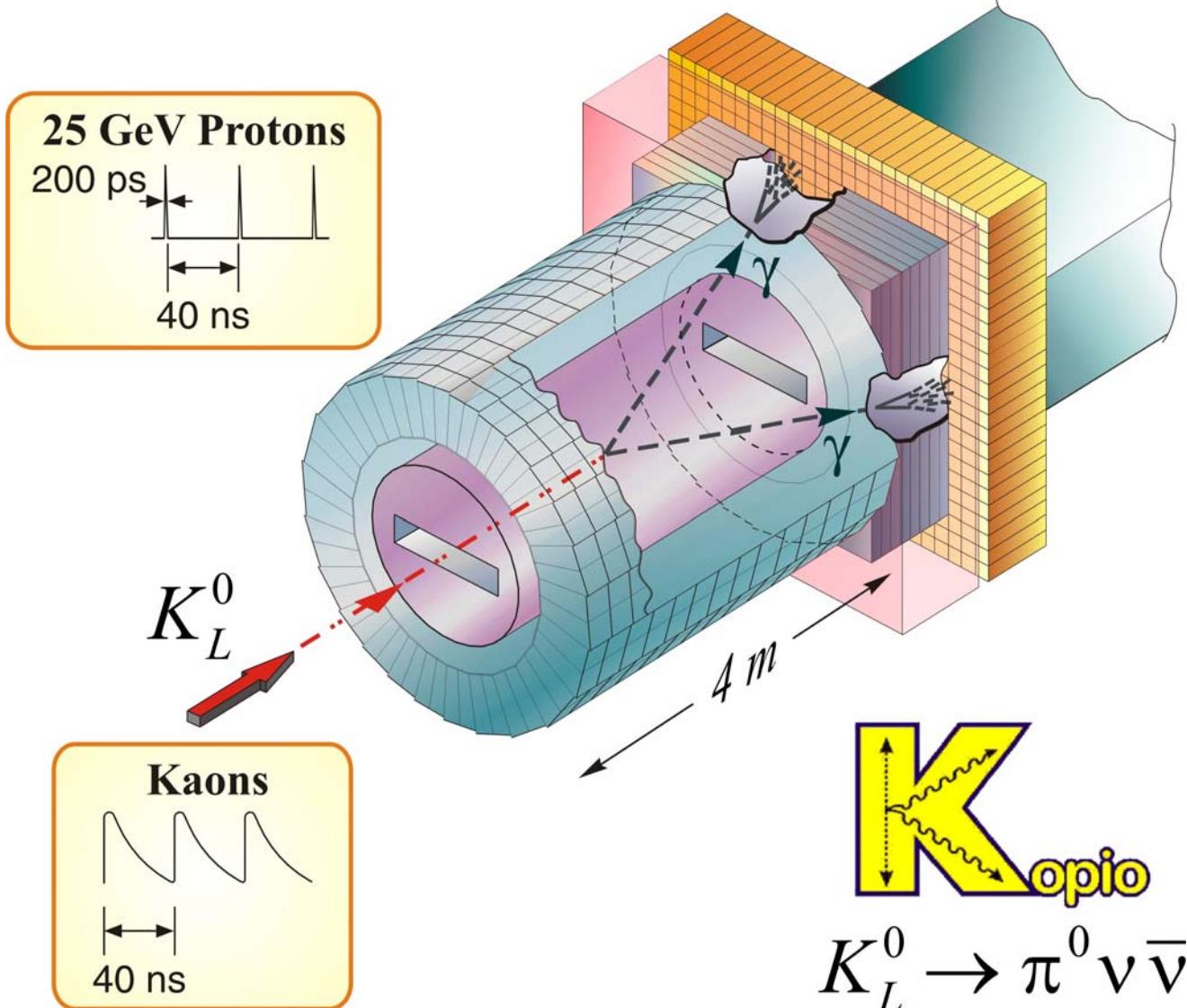
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ Measurement

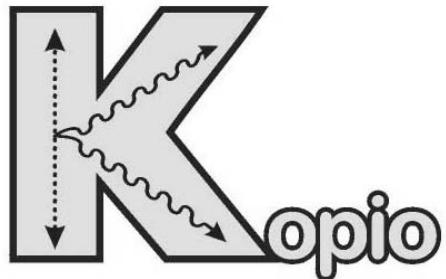
Background suppression factor needed: 10^{10}

Primary Backgrounds

Mode	Branching Ratio
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	0.93×10^{-3}
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu \gamma$	0.36×10^{-2}
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	0.1255
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$	0.2105
Others	

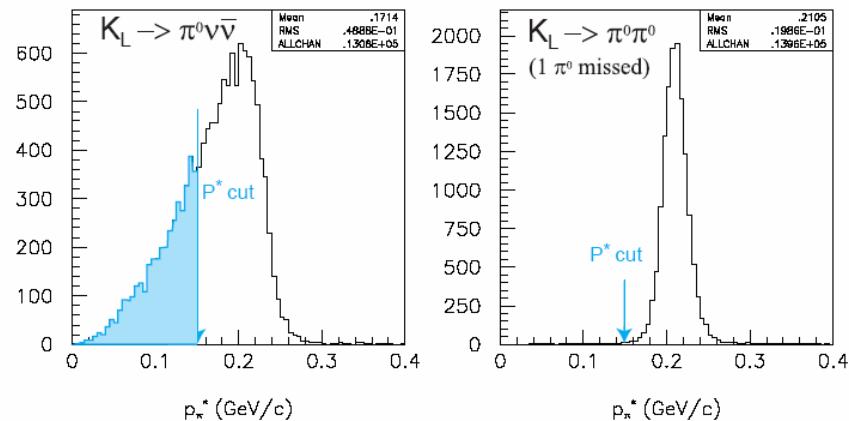
KOPIO Concepts





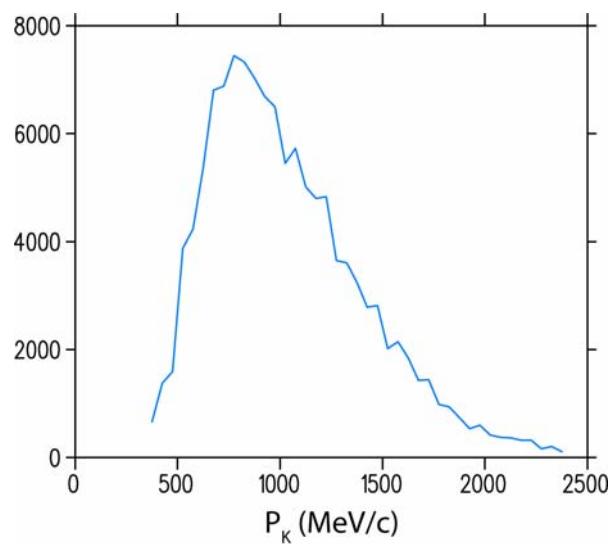
Concepts

Kaon Center of Mass Measurements



- Maximize micro-bunched beam from the AGS
- Measure everything! (Energy, Position, Angle, Time)
- Eliminate extra charged particles or *photons*
 - * KOPIO: π^0 inefficiency $< 10^{-8}$
- Suppress backgrounds
 - * Predict backgrounds *from data*: dual cuts
 - * Use “Blind analysis” techniques
 - * Test predictions “outside-the-box”
- Weight candidate events with S/N likelihood function

Nominal AGS Beam Parameters



Proton Beam:

100 Tp/spill (Upgraded from present 70 Tp)

~5.5 s spill, 2.3 s interspill period

25 MHz micro-bunching frequency

Bunch width 200ps

Interbunch extinction 10^{-3}

Kaon Beam:

42.5 degree take-off angle

← Soft momentum spectrum [0.5,1.5 GeV]

$3 \times 10^8 K_L$ /spill, 8 % decay

10 GHz neutrons



KOPIO Collaboration

6 countries 19 institutions 80 scientists 10 Grad students

Arizona State University J.R. Comfort, *J. Figgins*

Brookhaven National Laboratory D. Beavis, I-H. Chiang, A. Etkin, J.W. Glenn, A. Hanson, D. Jaffe, D. Lazarus, K. Li, L. Littenberg, G. Redlinger, C. Scarlett, M. Sivertz, R. Strand

University of Cincinnati K. Kinoshita

IHEP, Protvino G.Britvich, V. Burtovoy, S.Chernichenko, L. Landsberg, A. Lednev, V. Obraztsov, R.Rogalev, V.Semenov, M. Shapkin, I.Shein, A.Soldatov, N.Tyurin, V.Vassil'chenko, D. Vavilov, A.Yanovich

INR, Moscow A. Ivashkin, *D.Ishuk*, M. Khabibullin, A. Khotjanzev, Y. Kudenko, A. Levchenko, O. Mineev, N. Yershov and *A.Vasiljev*.

INFN-University of Perugia G. Anzivino, P. Cenci, *E. Imbergamo*, A. Nappi, M. Valdata

KEK M. Kobayashi

Kyoto University of Education R. Takashima

Kyoto University *K. Misouchi, H. Morii*, T. Nomura, N. Sasao, *T. Sumida*

Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University M. Blecher, *N. Graham*, A. Hatzikoutelis

University of New Mexico B. Bassalleck, N. Bruner, D.E. Fields, J. Lowe, T.L. Thomas

University of Montreal J.-P. Martin

Stony Brook University N. Cartiglia, *I. Christidi*, M. Marx, P. Rumerio, D. Schamberger

TRIUMF P. Amaudruz, M. Barnes, E. Blackmore, J. Doornbos, P. Gumplinger, R. Henderson, N. Khan, A. Mitra, T. Numao, R. Poutissou, F. Retiere, A. Sher, G. Wait

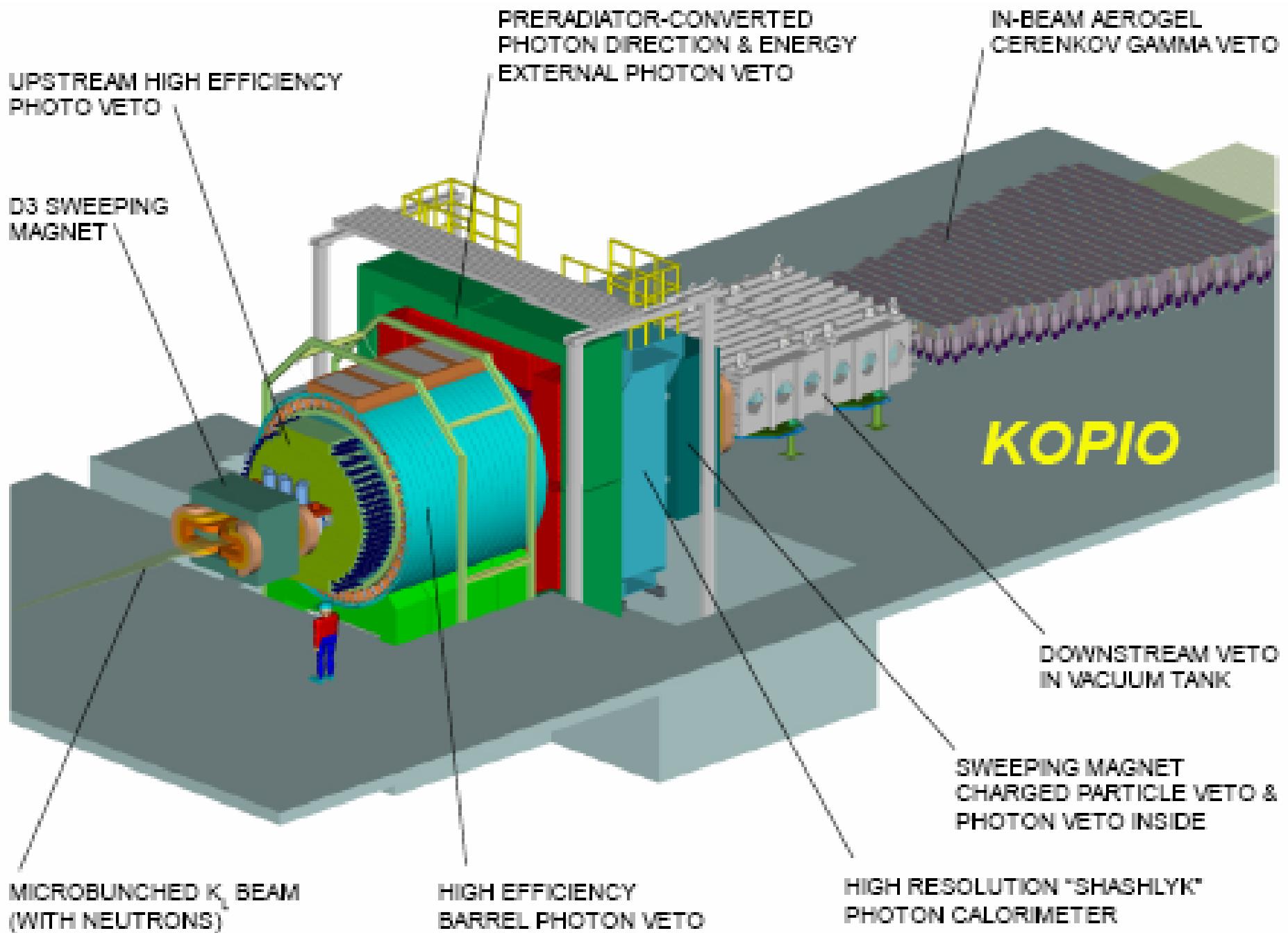
University of British Columbia D. Bryman, M. Hasinoff, *J. Ives*

Tsinghua University S. Chen

University of Virginia E. Frlez, D. Pocanic

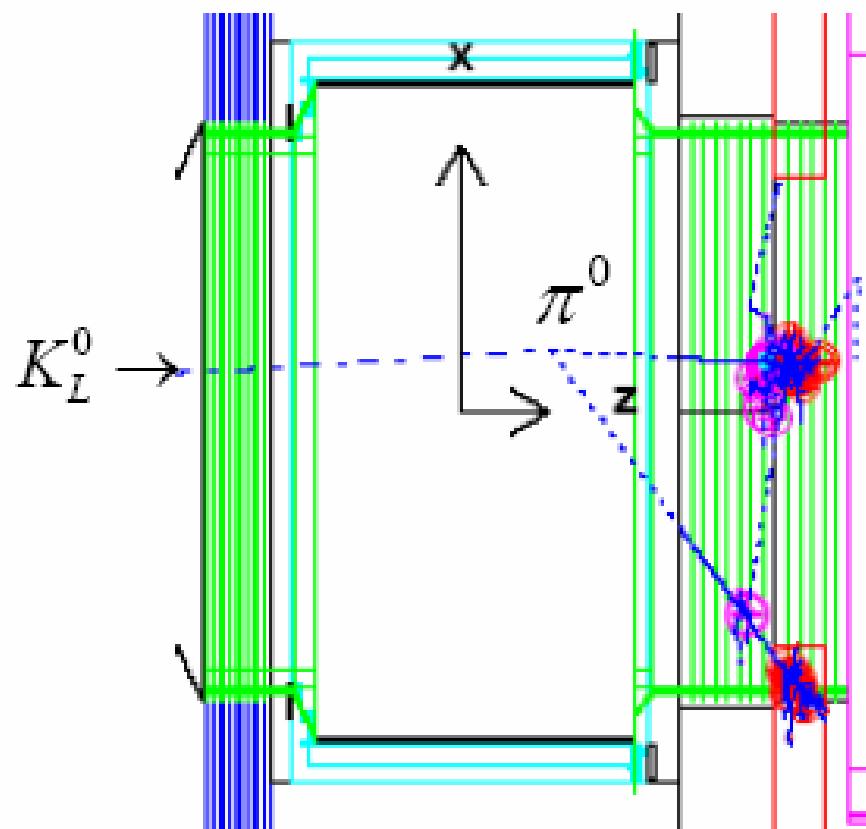
University of Zurich P. Robmann, P. Trüol, A. van der Schaaf, *S. Scheu*

Yale University G. Atoyan, S.K. Dhawan, V. Issakov, H. Kaspar, A. Poblagev, M.E. Zeller

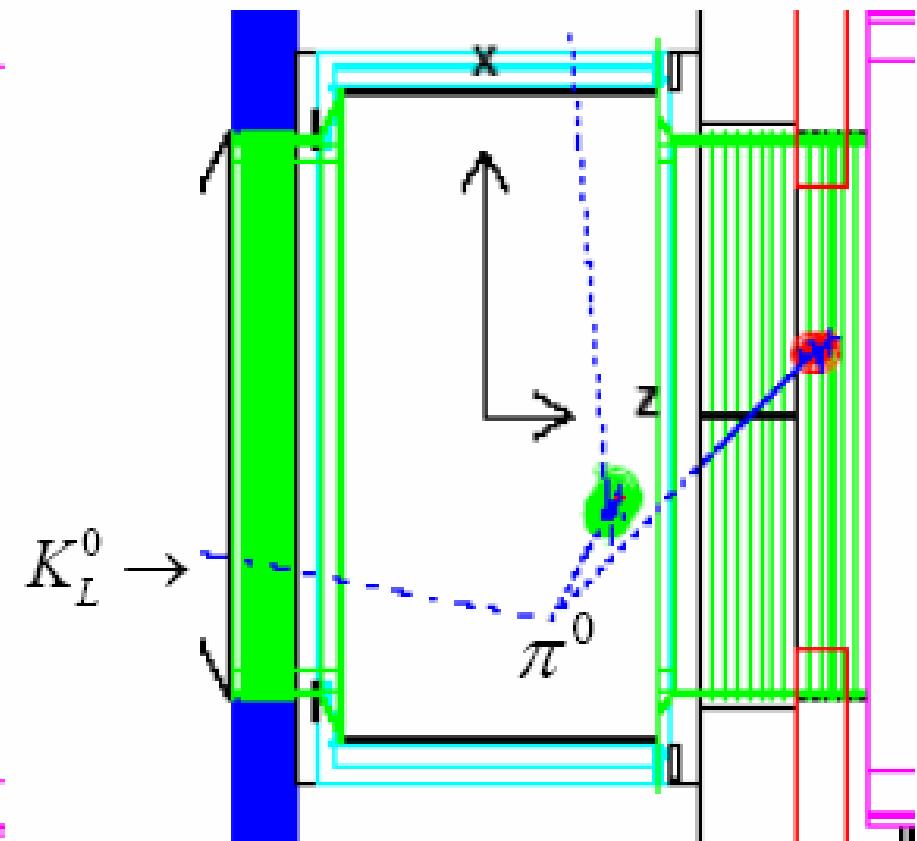


Primary detection mode:
2 photons convert in preradiator

Secondary mode:
1 photon in preradiator, 1 in BV



(a)



(b)

Reconstruct first $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ in "Preradiator"
Point to K decay vertex in vacuum.

KOPIO Signal and Background Estimates

The key features of the KOPIO approach have been established by *measurements* supported by simulations

- Micro-bunching and neutral beam design
- Photon pointing, energy resolution
- Vetoing – charged particles and photons

Expected Performance

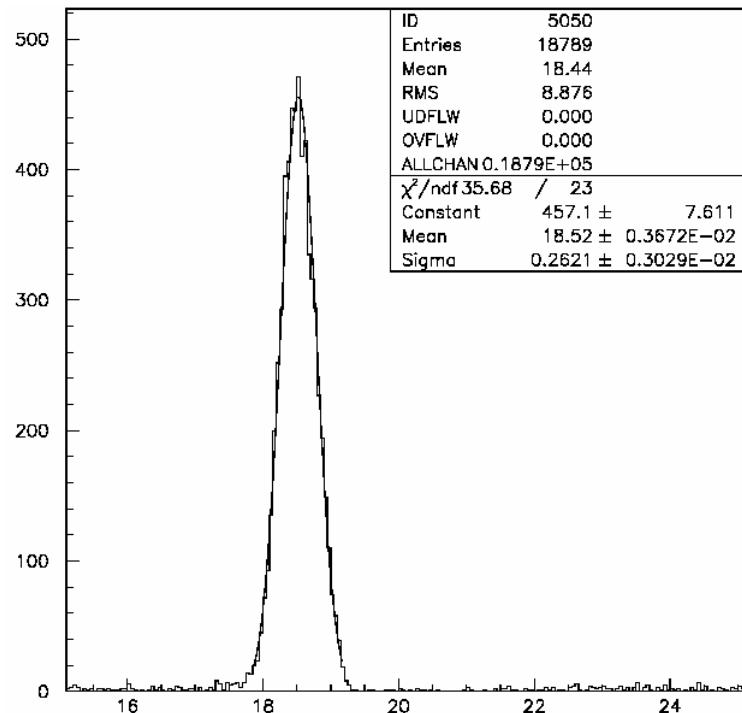
μ Bunch Width (Extinction)	200 ps (10^{-3})
θ_γ Resolution (250 MeV)	25 mr
E_γ Resolution	$2.7\% / \sqrt{E_\gamma(GeV)}$
t_γ Resolution	$90\text{ps} / \sqrt{E_\gamma(GeV)}$
Photon Veto Inefficiency	E949 or better
Charged Particle Inefficiency	$10^{-5}(\pi^+), 10^{-4}(\pi^-)$

AGS Microbunching Beam test

Microbunch width

Studied the RF extraction mechanism proposed for KOPIO & measured a microbunch rms width of 244 ps -- KOPIO requires <300 ps rms

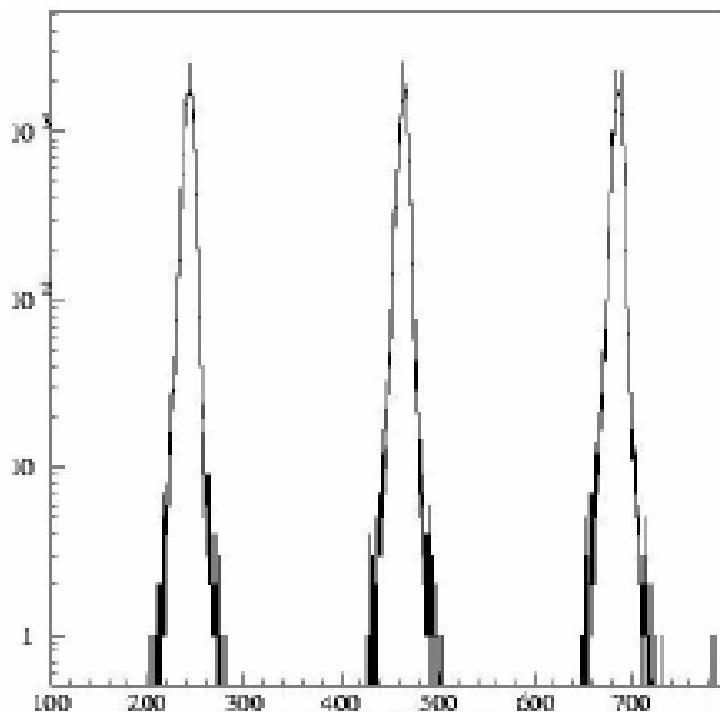
93 MHz



Interbunch extinction

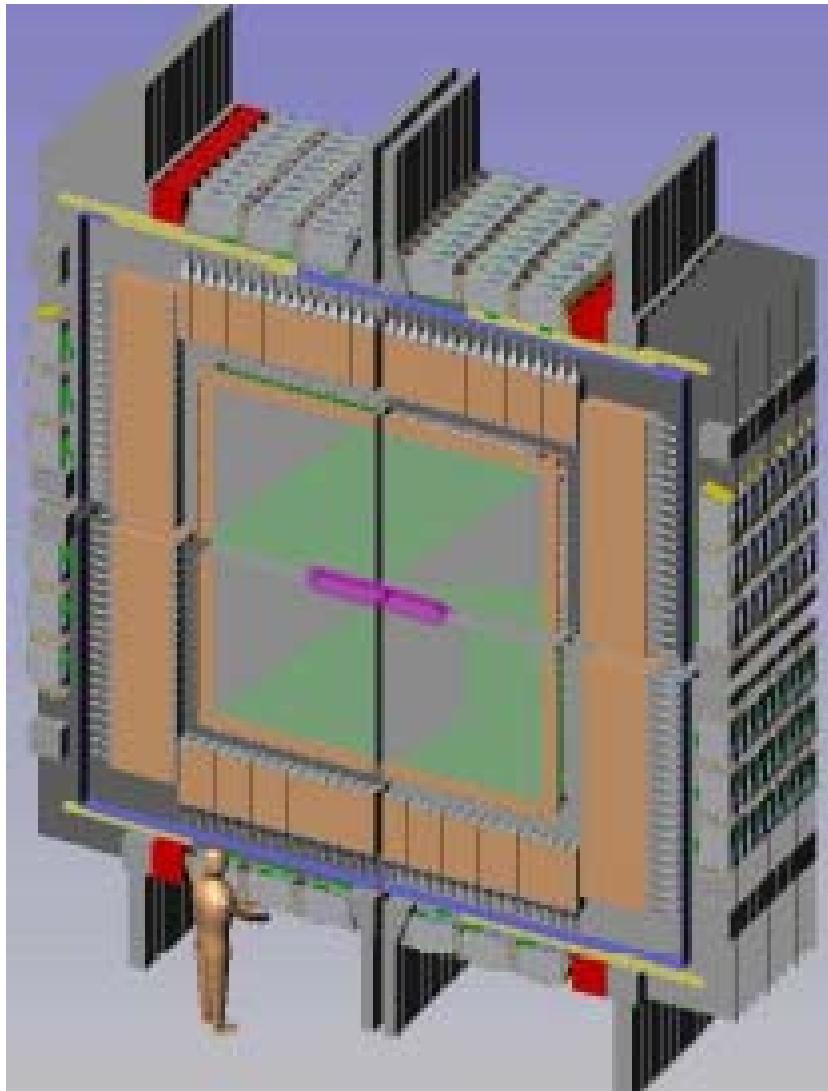
Measured the inter-bunch extinction ratio (flux between bunches/within bunch). KOPIO requires $\sim 10^{-3}$.

4.5 MHz



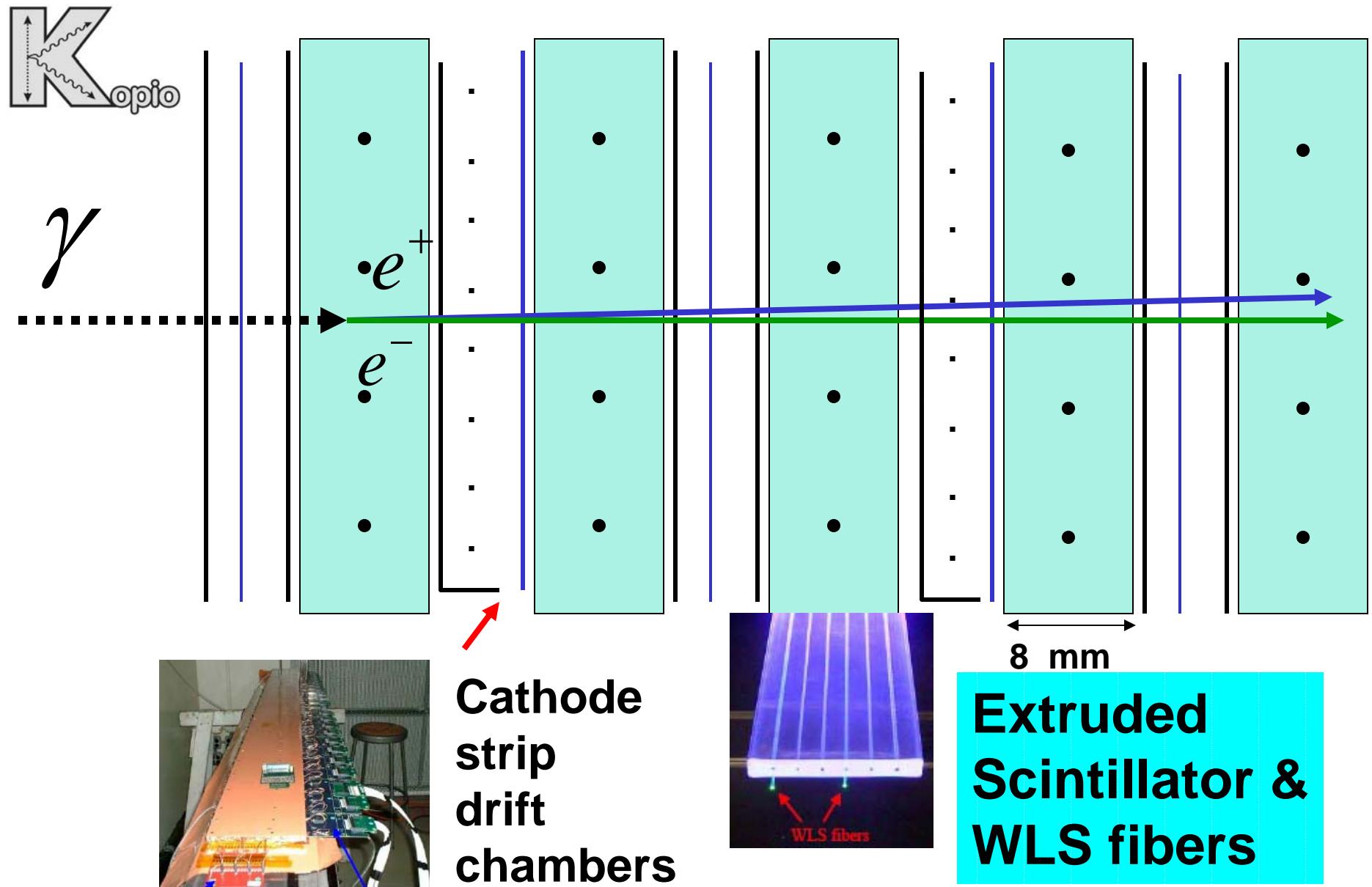
Preradiator

4m



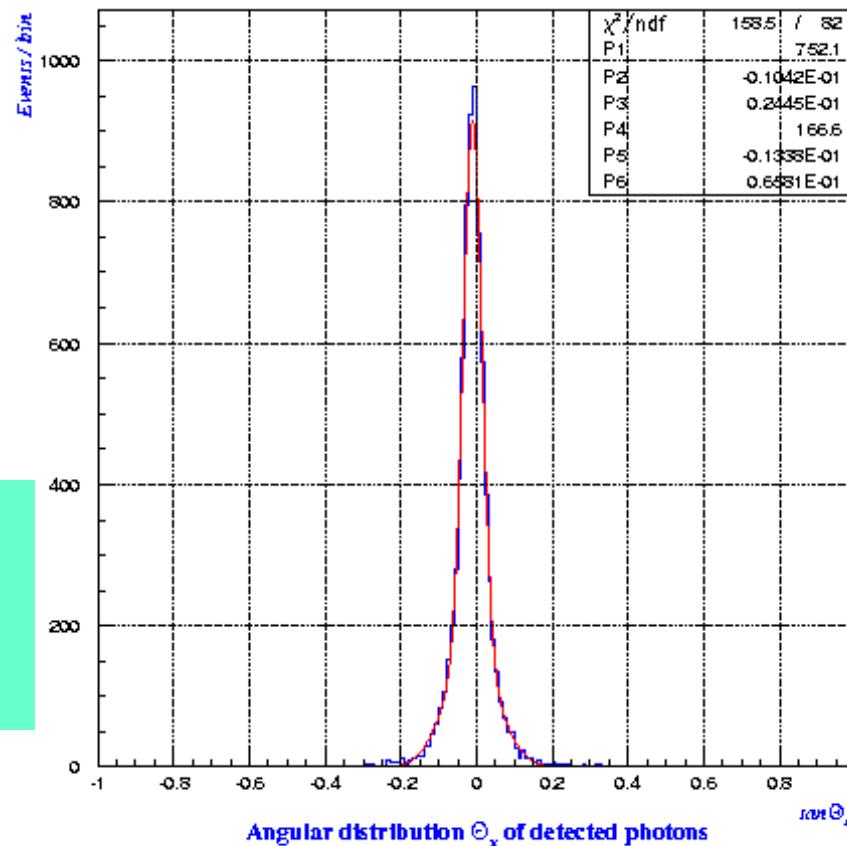
**64 Layers (4% X_0 /layer, 2.7 X_0)
256 Chambers
288 Scintillator Plates (1200 m²)
150,000 Channels Readout**

Preradiation Angle Measurement of $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$



KOPIO Prototype Measurements – BNL LEGS Tagged Photon Beams

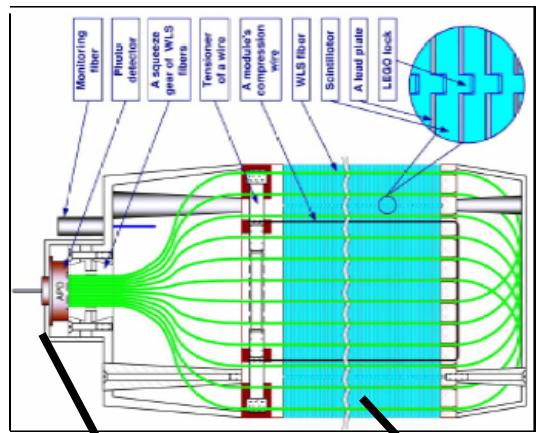
Preradiator Angular resolution:
25 mr at 250 MeV/c



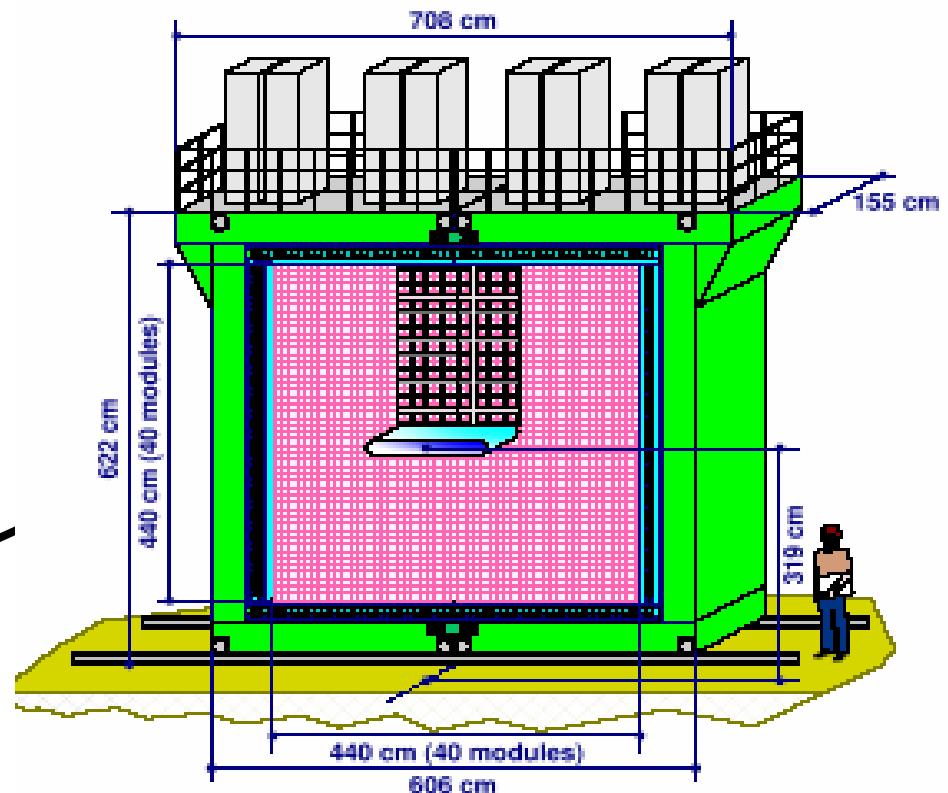
Simulations
agree with
measurements.

Shashlyk Calorimeter

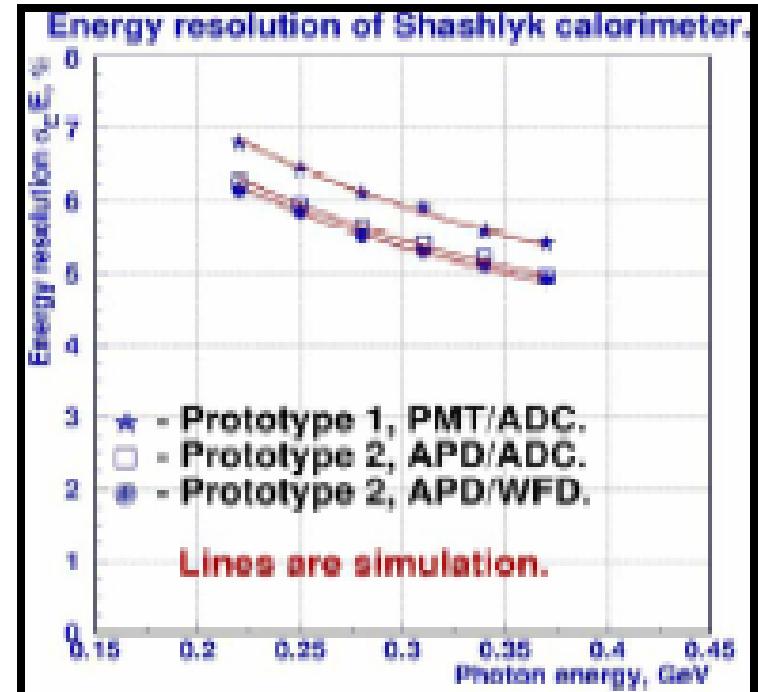
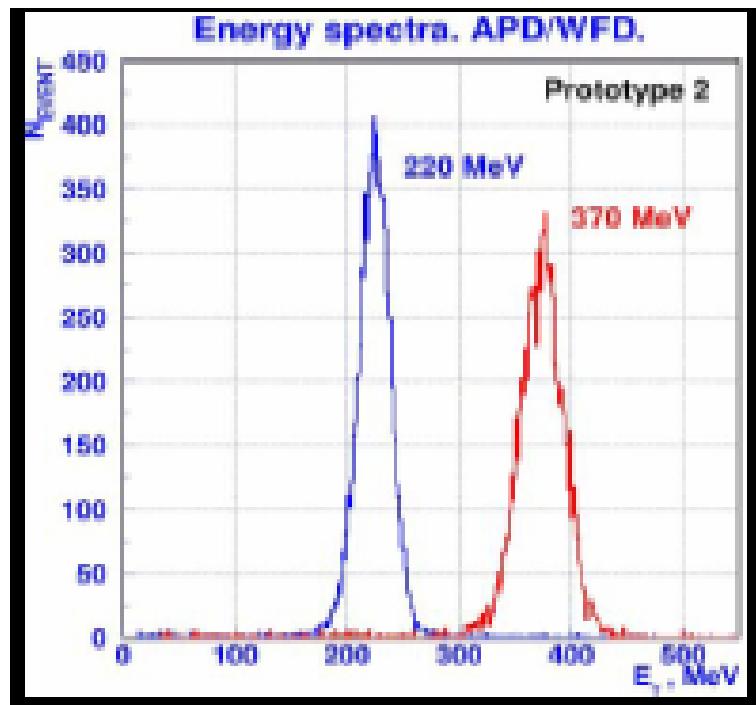
Shashlyk modules prototyped
and tested in beams.
Mechanical design in progress



APD

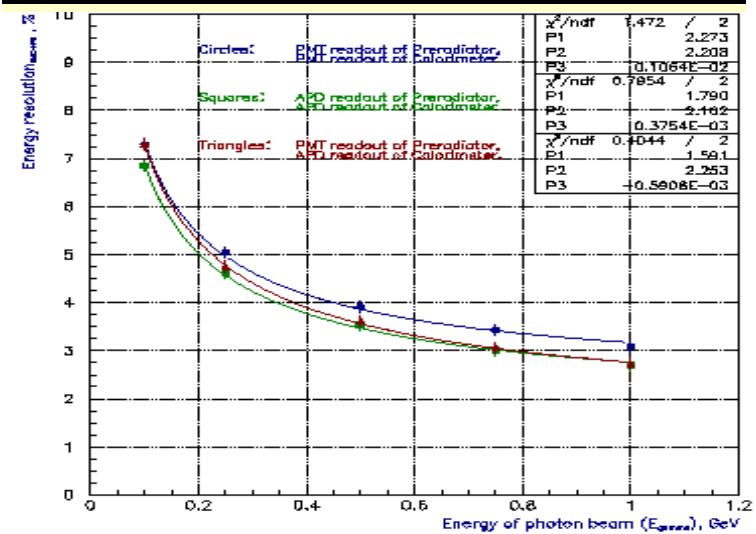


Shashlyk Beam Measurements



Simulation: Combined Energy Resolution

$$\sigma = \frac{2.7\%}{\sqrt{E(GeV)}}$$



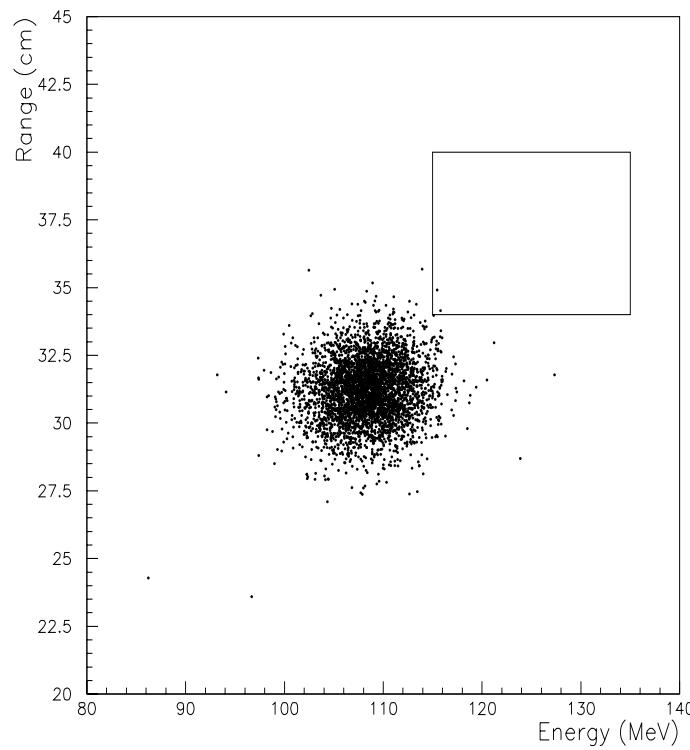
Photon Veto Background Suppression

E949 $\mathbf{K}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ Background Suppression

Dual cuts: γ Veto and Kinematics (P,R,E...)

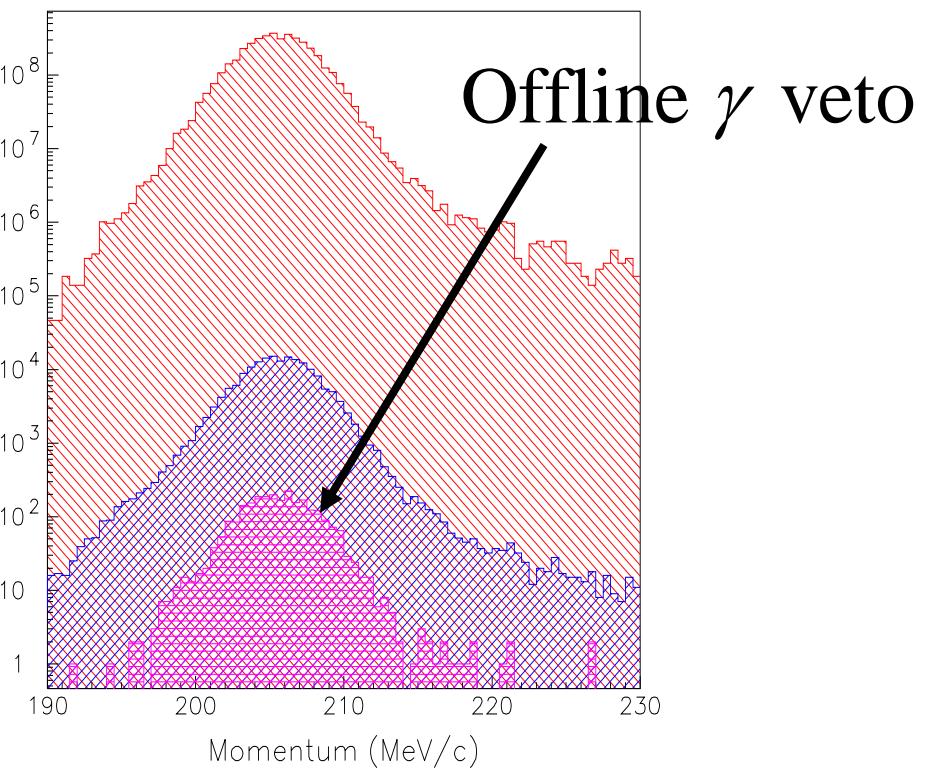
γ Veto Reversed

Range vs. Energy



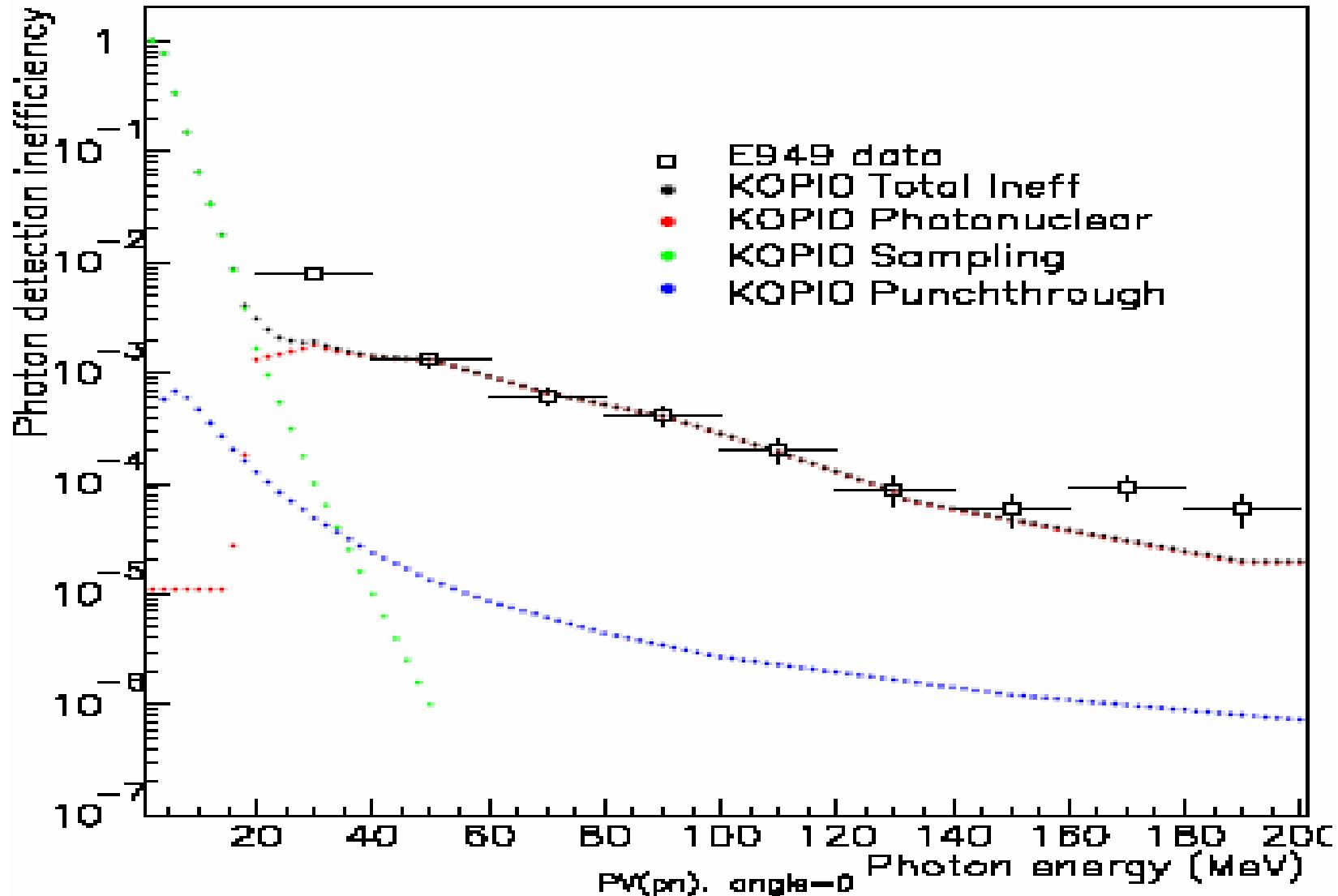
γ Veto Applied

Momentum



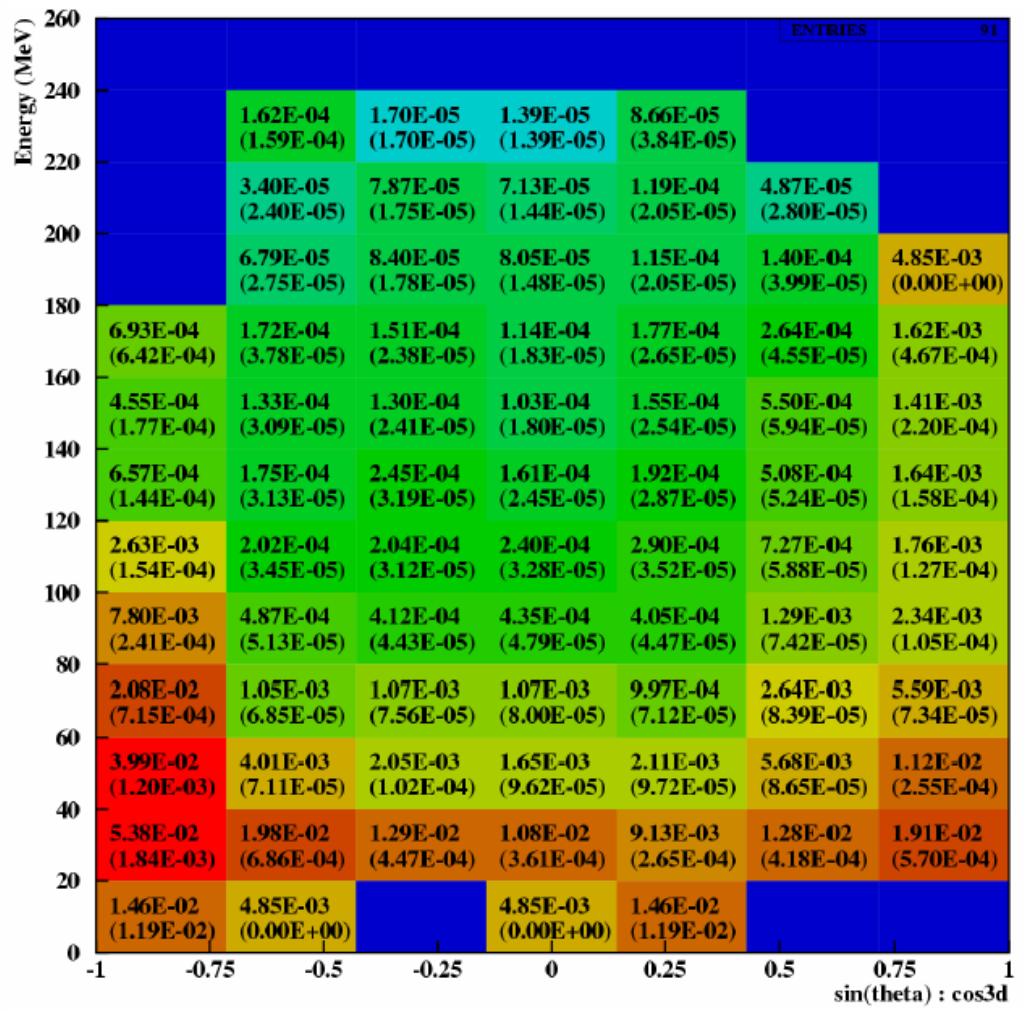
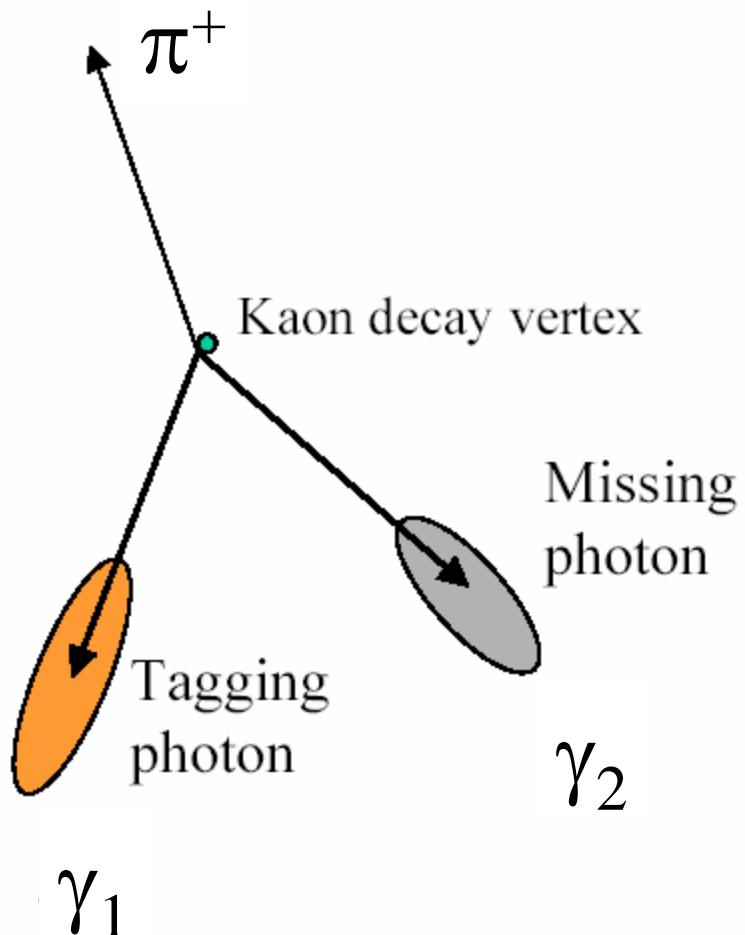
Check for correlations

KOPIO PV Estimates and Simulations based on improved E949 Measurements supplemented by FLUKA calculations

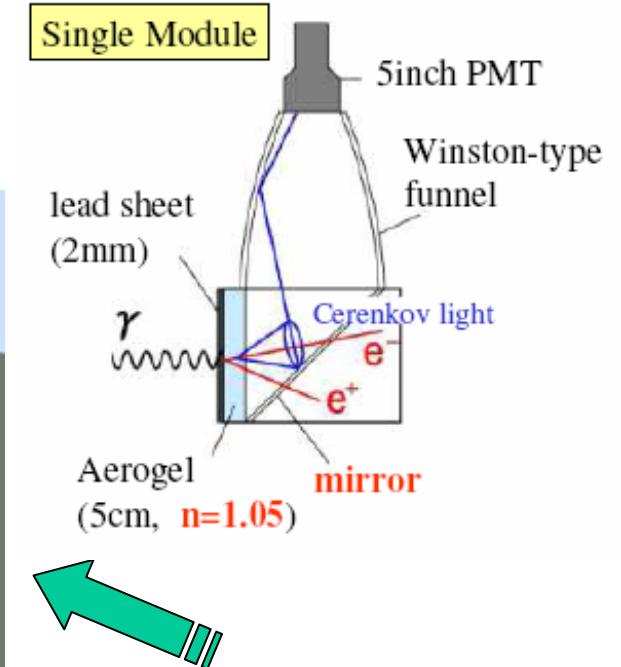
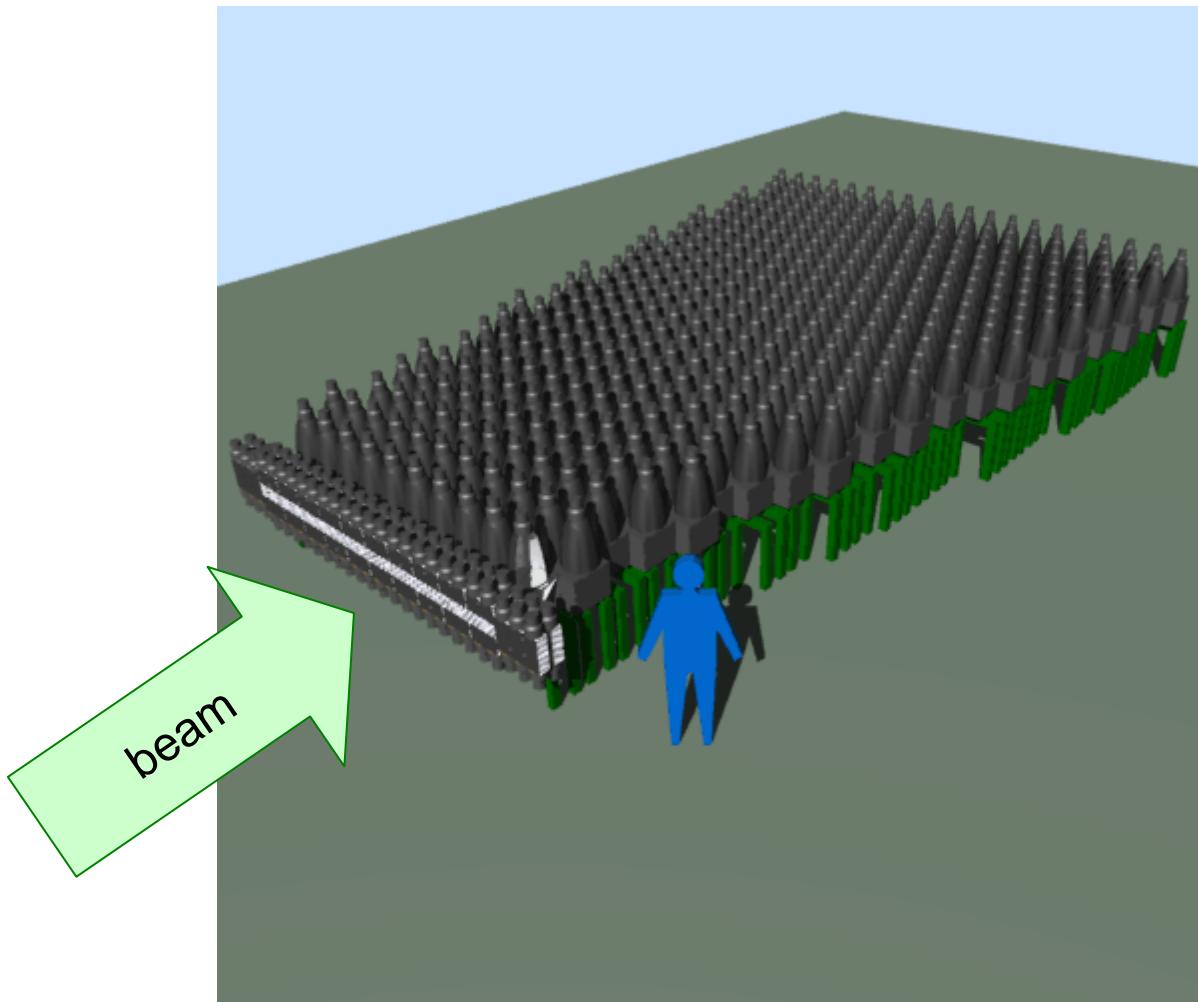


E949 Single Photon Inefficiency Measurement

K π 2 Decay



Catcher

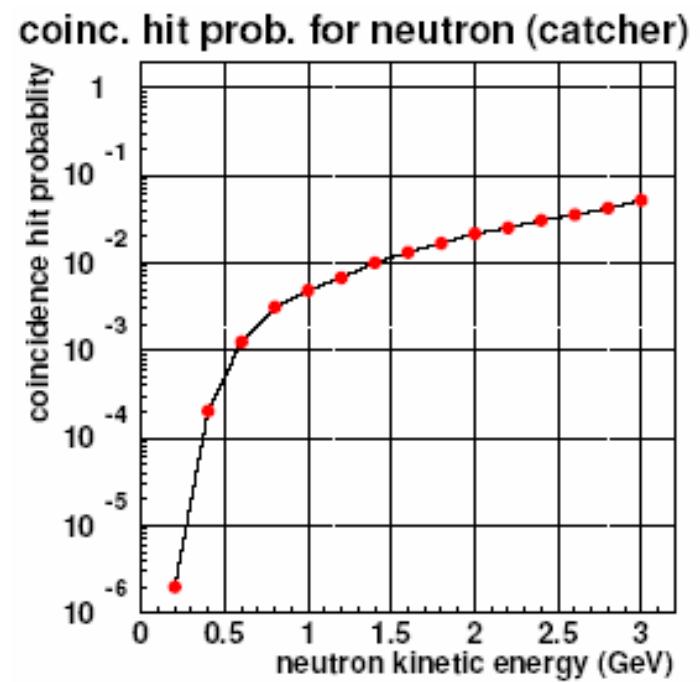
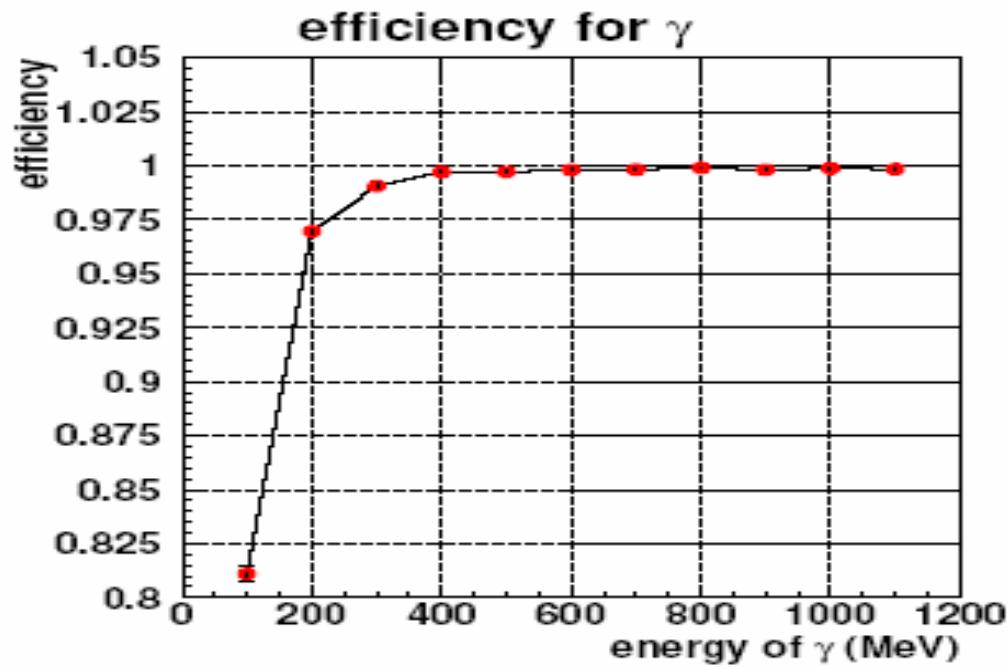
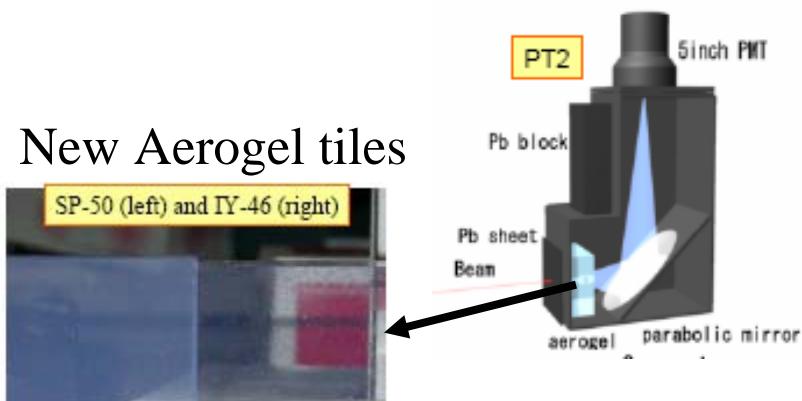


Aerogel Counter

420 modules of
Pb-Aerogel counter

Catcher R&D

Modules prototyped and tested in beams.



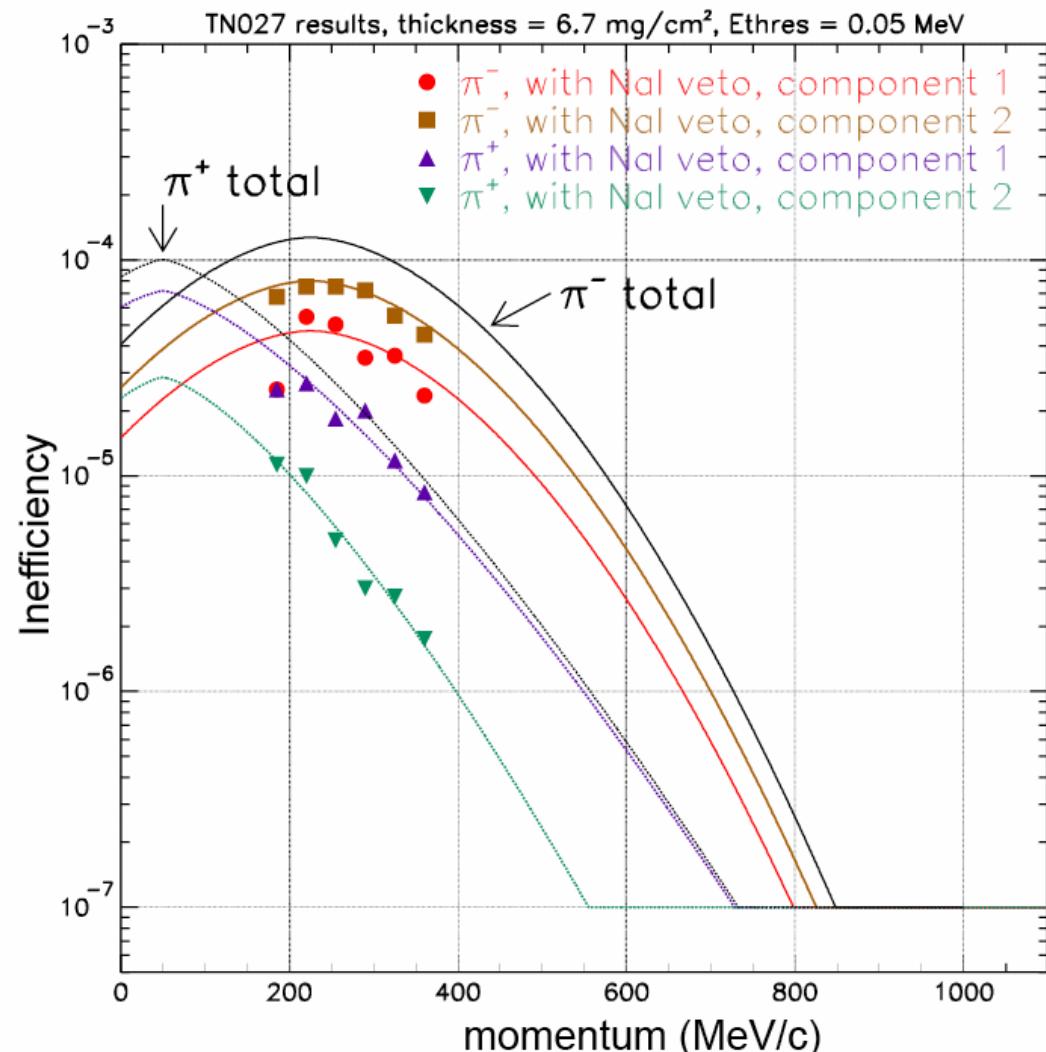
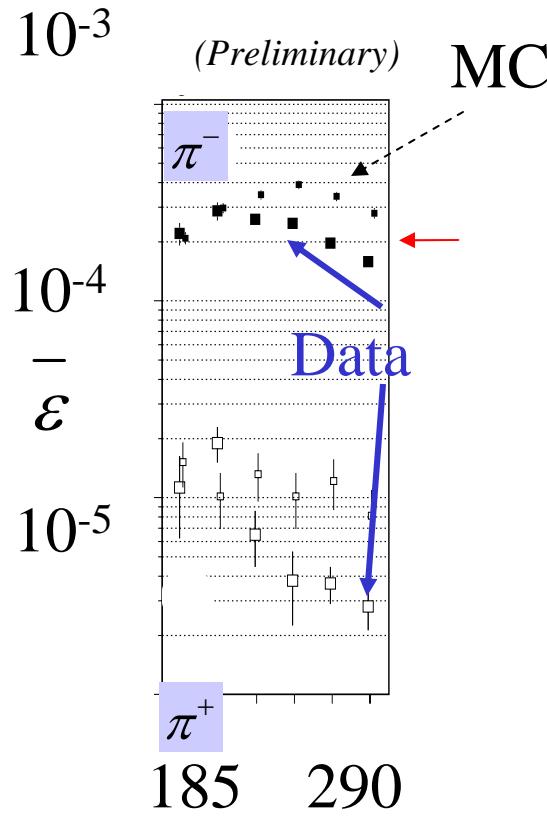
Charged Particle Vetoing

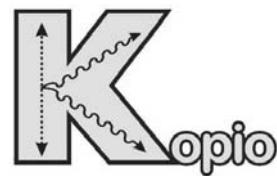


Example Background: $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu \gamma$

Plastic Scintilla

PSI Measurement

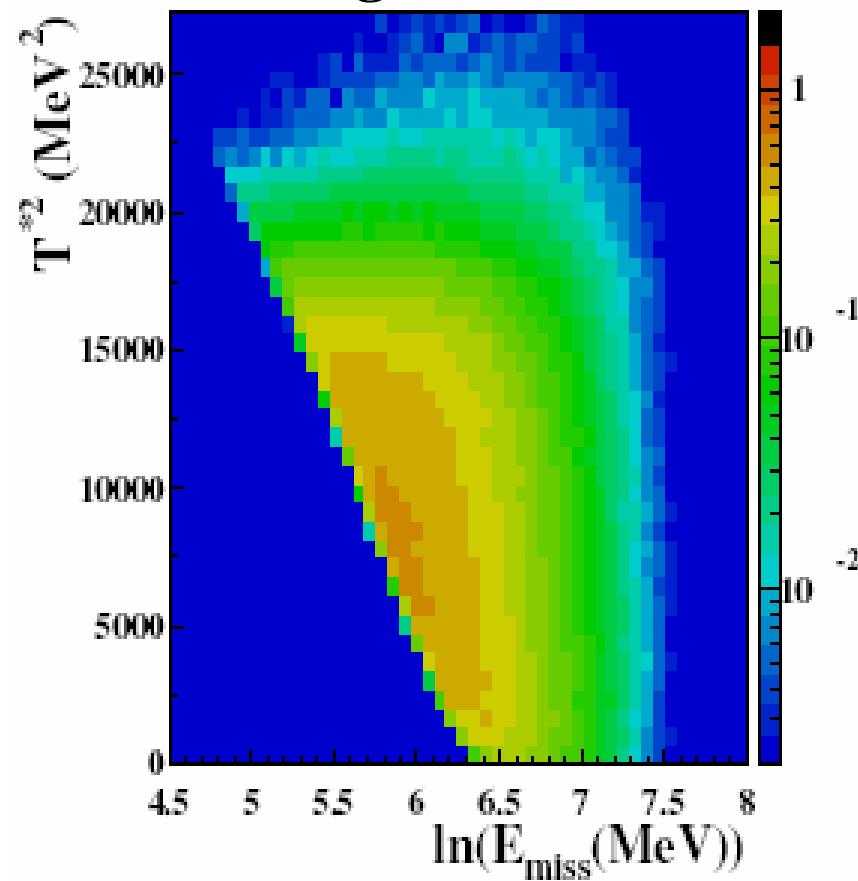




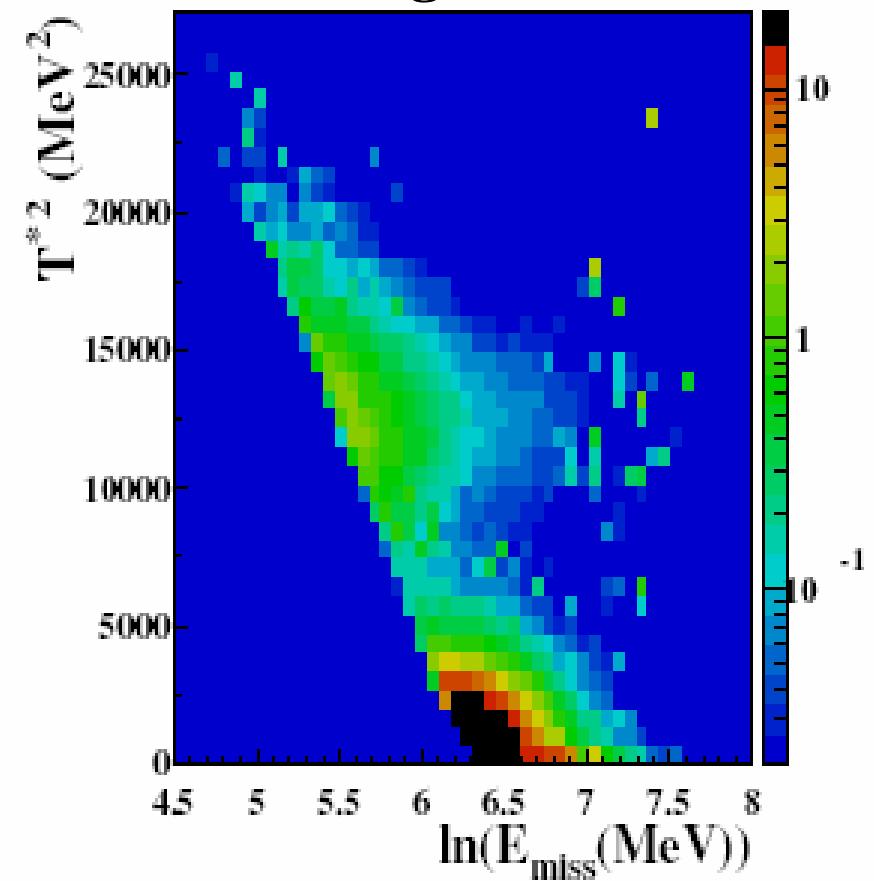
Kinematic Separation of Signal and Backgrounds

Pion Kinetic Energy Squared (T_π^{*2}) vs. $\ln(E_{\text{miss}}(\text{MeV}))$

Signal



Backgrounds

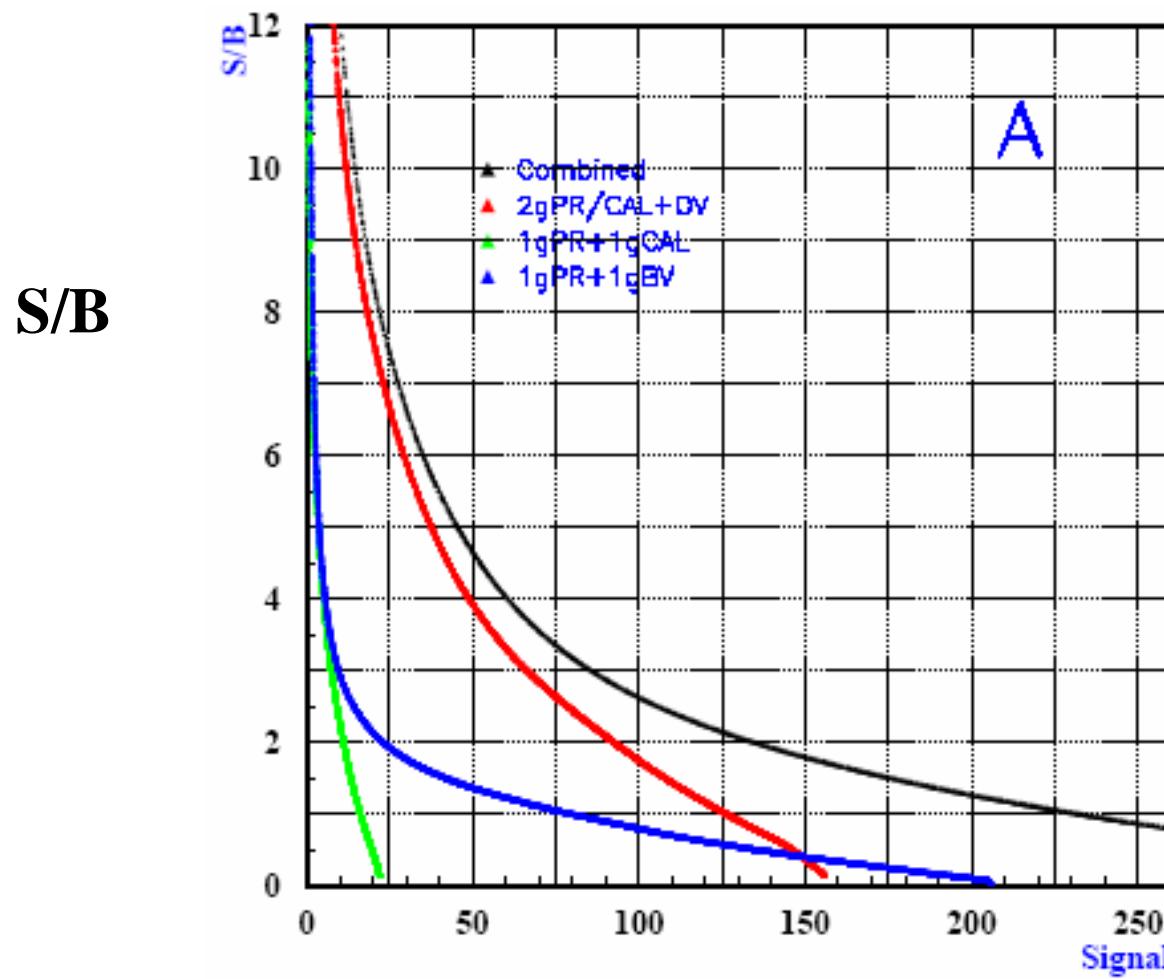


Normalization Factors and Uncertainties

- Losses
 - Rate dependent trigger effects
 - Signal “self-vetoing”
 - Accidental vetoing
 - Multiple decays/microbunch
- Additional Uncertainties
 - Flux
- Possible Gains
 - Improved photon efficiency

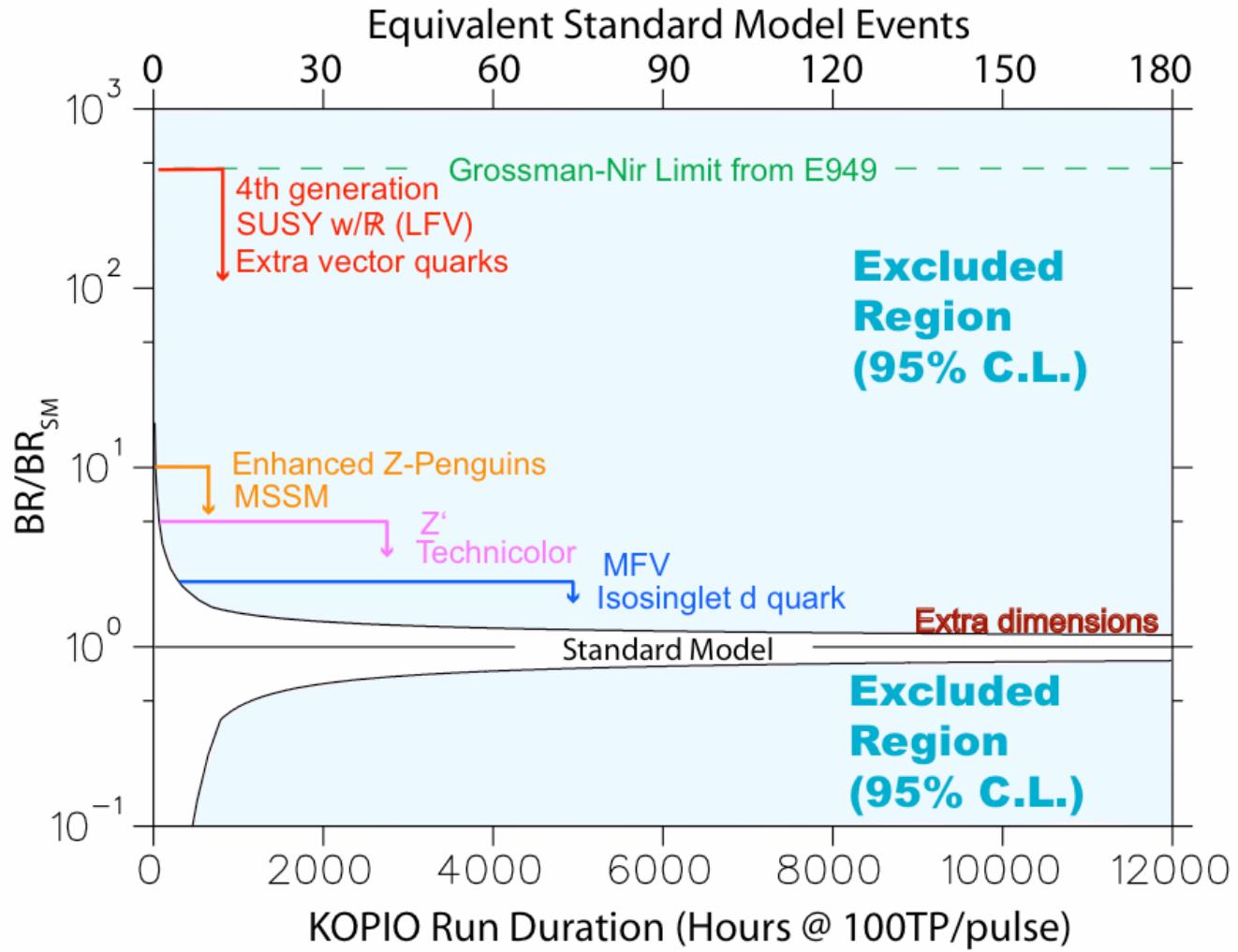
Optimized S/B vs. Signal (Events)

Results for SM $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu)$

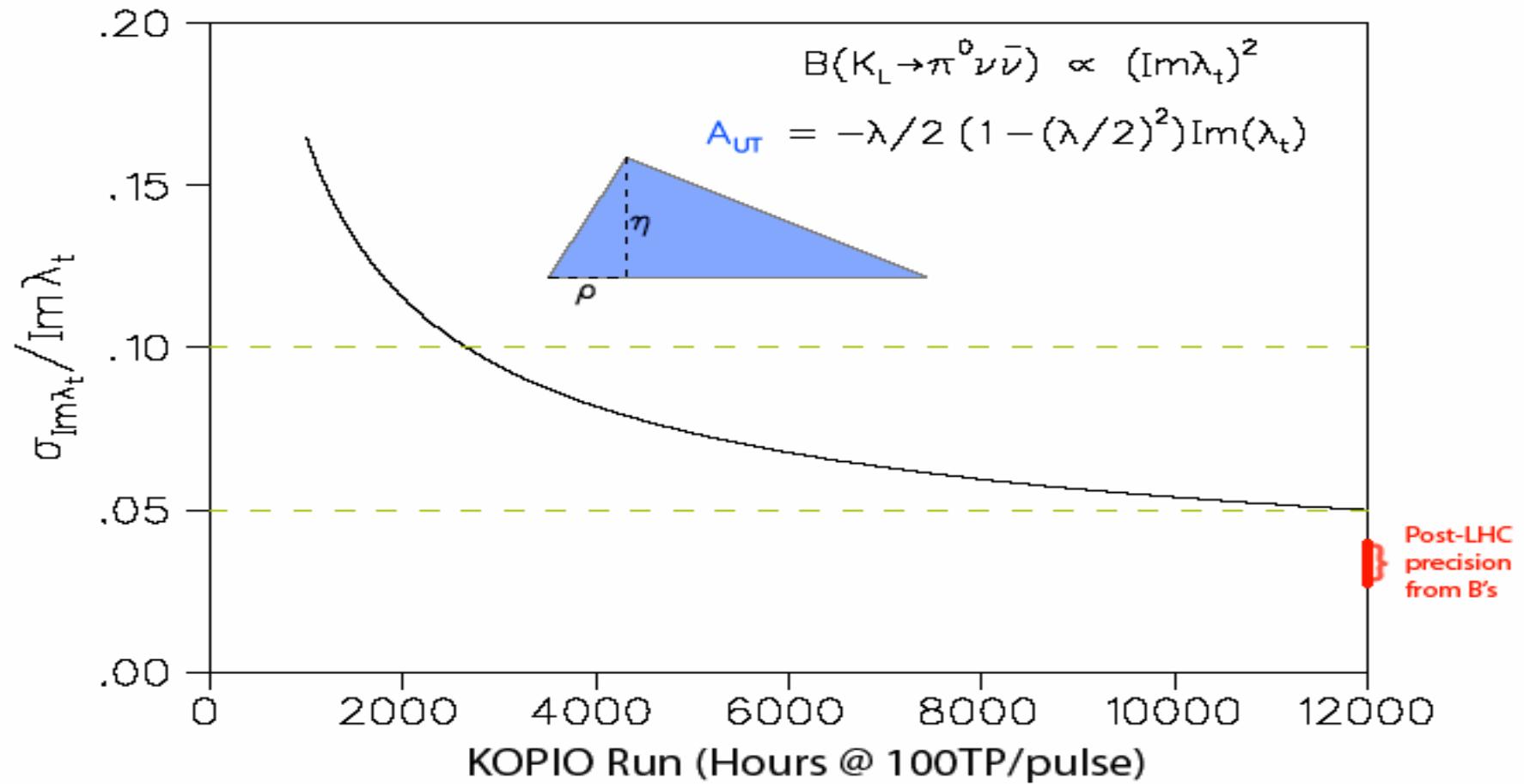


Standard Model Results for $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu)$ Events

Constraining New Physics



KOPIO: SM Precision



Branching Ratio Measurement Precision Estimates

- Precision at $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}\nu) = 3.0 \times 10^{-11}$

Using probability likelihood method employing all observed events (approximately 300):

$$\pm 9\%$$

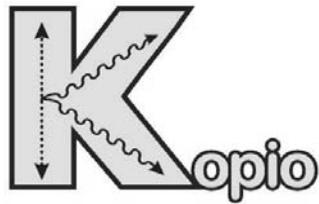
- (Statistical) Precision on $\text{Im } \lambda_t$: $\pm 5\%$

KOPIO Operations Plan

- 2010 Test Run – partial detector
- 2011 Engineering Run

“Discovery phase”: *Sensitivity goal: $\sim 10^{-10}$*

- 2012-16 Data Acquisition



$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

Summary and Outlook

- Extraordinary discovery potential for non-SM physics:
Unique connection with underlying parameters
 5σ discovery if $\text{Br} < 0.6\text{Br}_{\text{SM}}$ or $> 1.7\text{ Br}_{\text{SM}}$
- In the absence of new physics, precision on $\text{Im } \lambda_t: < 5\%$
Rule out non-SM effects outside $(1 \pm 0.17) \times \text{Br}_{\text{SM}}$



Extras?

